



Problem Posing Pro-Forma use of photographs

Assumption

A numerical or maths problem has multiple solutions or none, it is framed as an open-ended question. There is no clear path to the answer – students cannot easily use a formula. Within the problem students are often given too much information or not enough

- 1. Activity Name: Using the same amount of felt bobbles in placemat, how many bobbles would be needed to make 4 matching square coasters?
- 2. Expected duration of activity: 15 minutes
- 3. What EQF level is the activity (approximately)? CfE first level
- 4. What is the topic? Estimation, multiplication, division
- 5. What are the Learning Outcomes? Work out materials needed to make varying sized shapes through basic numeric functions
- 6. Prerequisite/prior knowledge assumed? Measurement, multiplication and division
- 7. In what ways does the problem, or the way the problem is delivered to the students:
 - encourage critical way of investigating and thinking? Explore relationship between addition, subtraction, multiplication and division can extend to include different shapes and sizes and colour combinations
 - encourage analysis?
 - allow students to be creative? Could make the coasters and mats with paper or felt, could experiment with colour combinations-
 - allow independent learning? can work individually
 - allow for co-operative learning? working
 - allow students time to think? Picture is static so can be returned to at any time.
 - have a relevant or interesting context? Everyday learning

- allow for multiple ways of solving or investigating the challenge?
 Can extend to different shapes and colour combinations
- 8. Resources or materials required? Photograph, though materials to make similar mats and coasters would be useful
- 9. What technology is required in the delivery of the problem? None
- 10. What technology might potentially be required in the solving of the problem? none
- 11. Suggestions for delivery